Roper Hospital 2011 Table 3. Definition of high-quality intensive care unit palliative care by patients and families

Important Domains of High-Quality ICU Palliative Care as Identified by Patients and Families

Communication by clinicians:

- Timely, ongoing, clear, complete, compassionate
- Addressing condition, prognosis, and treatment
- Patient-focused medical decision-making:
- Aligned with patient values, care goals, treatment preferences
- Clinical care of the patient: Maintaining comfort, dignity, personhood, privacy
- Responsive and sensitive to patient's needs
- Maintaining physical comfort
- Respecting dignity
- Treating the patient as a person-somebody's loved one
- Protecting privacy
- Care of the family: Providing access, proximity, and support
- Allowing liberal, flexible visiting
- Valuing family input about patient needs and care
- Offering practical, emotional, spiritual support to family
- Offering bereavement support

mportant Care Processes and Structural Aspects of High-Quality ICU Palliative Care as Identified

- by Patients and Families
- Regular family meetings with attending physician and nurse
- Flexible, liberal, policy on visiting
- Early identification of surrogate decision-maker/advance directive/resuscitation status
- Frequent assessment of pain and titration of analgesia to maximize comfort and achieve desired
- level of consciousness
- Offer of pastoral care with sensitivity and without mandate
- Offer of practical and emotional (social work) support
- Printed information about ICU for families
- Offer of bereavement support to families of patients dying in the ICU
- Waiting room affording comfort and privacy to families

What Patients and Families

Want from the Healthcare System

In their own words: Patients and families define high-quality palliative care in the intensive care unit

Critical Care Medicine. 38(3):808-818, March 2010.

# **ICU Bundle Strategy**

Group of process measures that are based on best practices that individually improve care and are applied together for a fuller assessment of the quality of care

**RSFH Successes:** VAP Bundle (ventilator associated pneumonia) CLABSI Bundle (central line assoc. blood stream infection) Sepsis Bundle

# Does Proactive ICU Communication Make a Difference?

### 530 Adult ICU pts

# Multidisciplinary meeting within 72hrs of admission

### 4 Goals of Meetings:

- 1. Reviewing Medical Facts
- 2. Discussing family's perspective on what the pt would have wanted
- 3. Agreeing on a plan of care
- 4. Agreeing on criteria by which success or failure of the plan would be judged

### <u>Results:</u>

### LOS w/o change in mortality

Regular family meetings resulted in earlier discussion of goals & focus on comfort in pt who were unlikely to survive ICU care.

#### Day 1 – Day after Admission

Identification of decision maker Advance directives Code status Information booklet Symptom Management

#### Day 3

Spiritual support Case Management/Social Work

#### Day 5

Interdisciplinary Family Conference

			Pt. Identifier	
]	ICU Communic	ation Bundle		
	Interdisciplinary	Documentation		
	and the second second second		TION OF ICU STAY - FIRST PAGE	
	ENTER THE FOLLO	VING DATES AT THE TIM	E OF ADMISSION TO THE ICU	
		) (admission date) /		
	and the second se		g at 00:01krs) //	
	Day		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Day	<u> </u>		
Day 1			Decision Maker or Healthcare Proxy	
	Name:	Relationship:	Contact No:	
	Others that medical informat	ion can be shared with		
	Name:	Relationship:	Contact No:	
	Name:	Relationship:	Contact No:	
	CODE STATUS DISCUS     INFORMATION BOOK		See DNR order form on chart date//	
Day 3	SOCIAL WORK SUPPO	RT: □ Offered □ Provided Dat	e: / / By (name/title):	
	SPIRITUAL SUPPORT	□ Offered □ Provided Date:	_// By (name/üitle):	
Day 5	INTERDISCIPLINARY FAMILY CONFERENCE: scheduled for/ at			
	Unable to have this meeting because			
	Patient or family refused to participate in a family meeting OR Patient lacks capacity to participate in the meeting and no family members visited on or before day 5 Sign/Date/Time:			
	SUBSEQUENT INTERDIS	CIPLINARY FAMILY ME	ETINGS	
	/ (see progress re	cord)/ (see pro	gress record) / (see progress record)	

Quality Safety Health Care 2006; 15: 264-271

# Utilization of Life Limiting Illness Triggers

University of Rochester Medical Center

Trigger	In Hospital Mortality Rate
s/p Cardiac arrest	74%
Stage IV Malig	63%
>80 yr w/2 or > co morbidities	55%
ICH w/ Mechanical Ventilation	54%
>10 day inpt; prior to ICU admit	54%

Crit Care Med 2007; 35: 1530-1535

Sept/ Oct / Nov 2010	
Total # of ICU Admissions	732
Total # of ICU Pt who met Triggers	51
7% ICU Admissions Met Palliative Care Triggers	

## Baseline Data Collection

Sept - Nov 2010

Triggers	#	%
Age > 80 w/ 2 or more comorbidites	22	43%
Hospital stay > 10 days prior to ICU admission	10	20%
Status Post Cardiac Arrest	10	20%
Intracerebral Hemorrhage requiring Mechanical Ventilation		12%
Stage IV Malignancy	3	6%

# **ICU Family Information Booklet**

### Information about the ICU including Note Space:

Pocket Cards: Visitation guidelines

Place to document "Pass Code" for patient information

Taking Care of Yourself Communication in the ICU: Family conferences What is Palliative Care? Support Services provided: Financial consultation Bereavement programs Logistical information Diagram of a typical ICU patient with names of all devices Glossary of terms commonly used in ICU Transferring out of the ICU

Pilot Completed with a Family Feedback Survey Measuring the Quality of Palliative Care in the Intensive Care Unit

Mitchell Levy MD, J. Randall Curtis MD, MPH, John Luce MD, Judith Nelson JD, MD

> The survey uses an 11 point response scale: 0 (Never, Worst Possible) -- 10 (Always, Best Possible)

Communication within the Team and with Patients and Families Physicians Patient and Family Centered Decision-Making Continuity of Care Physicians Emotional and Practical Support for Patients and Families Spiritual Support - Patients and Families/ Emotional and Organizational Support - Clinicians Communication within the Team and with Patients and Families (*Nurses and Physicians*) Symptom Management and Comfort Care

## **Area's Of Improvement Identified**

#### **Physicians:**

Meeting privately with families Meeting with nurses to clarifying goals of care Identification of a time frame for re-assessment of goals of care Scheduling follow-up meetings to discuss goals Communication with pt/families about goals

Preparing pt/family for change of physician Communication with colleagues about pt/families emotional needs

Preparing families for the dying process. Assessment of spiritual needs of pt/families Attention to emotional/practical needs of dying pt/families

#### **ICU Team/Organization:**

Provision of bereavement materials Sending messages of condolence

Time to meet with caregivers after the pt dies Incorporating palliative care competencies into performance evaluations Providing emotional support for clinicians caring for dying pts

	2011 April - Sept	2010 Baseline Sept - Nov
DNR	50%	51%
Days ICU Admit to DNR	3.2 days av.	4 days av.
Palliative Care Consults	38%	20%
ICU Admit to Palliative Care consult	6 days av.	9 days av.
Observed Mortality	32%	37%

Day 1 Bundle Compliance (Day after ICU admission)	2011 April - Sept	2010 Baseline
Documentation of identification of decision maker	91%	29%
Documentation family received information booklet	NA	N/A
Documentation of resuscitation status	<b>52%</b>	13%
Documentation of advance directive status	90%	33%
Day 3 Bundle Compliance		
Documented social work/case mgmt support offered	77%	90%
Documented spiritual support offered	56%	5%
Day 5 Bundle Compliance		
Documentation of family conference	45%	7.5%

### **Symptom Management**

First 24 hr of Admission	April - Sept 2011	Baseline 2010
4hr intervals w/pain score < 3	<b>79%</b>	60%

## **Future:** ICU Care and Communication as Standard of Practice

### Implementation: 3 Day Care & Communication Bundle for All ICU Pts

#### Day 1 (Day after admission)

Designation of resuscitation status Documentation of Advance Directives Documentation of Family Information Booklet

#### Day 2

Spiritual and Social Work Support Offered

#### Day 3

Family Conference required by Day 3 in ICU

# ICU Care and Communication

Roper Hospital 2011